

FIND Evaluation of Hotgen
Novel Coronavirus 2019-nCoV Antigen Test (Colloidal Gold6
External Report
Version 2.1, [6 May 2022]

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Evaluation process – private sector engagement

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For the COVID-19 response, FIND has commissioned independent evaluations of in vitro diagnostics following an Expression of Interest (EOI) process available on FIND’s website by which all test submissions were scored according to their regulatory status and time to market; the manufacturing and distribution capacity of the supplier; and the supplier-reported clinical and analytical performance.

Document history

| Document version | Date | Comment |
|------------------|--------------|-------------------|
| 2.1 | 6 May 2022 | First release |
| 2.0 | 15 Sept 2021 | Data for UK added |

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| 2.1 | 5 May 2022 | Adding the LOD results for other VOCs |
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1 Product Info:

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|--|---|
| Manufacturer name | Beijing Hotgen BioTech Co. Ltd. |
| Test name | Novel Coronavirus 2019-nCoV Antigen Test (Colloidal Gold) |
| Product code(s) | HGCG134A0140 |
| Pack size(s) | 40 tests per kit |
| Contents of kit | Antigen Test Cassette, Sample extraction buffer, Disposable virus sampling swab |
| Equipment and consumables required, but not provided | Timer, PPE |
| Product storage (temperature range) | 4-30°C |
| Shelf-life (months) | 18 months |
| Manufacturing site (country) | China |

2 Study details:

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|---------------------|---|
| Study design: | Prospective diagnostic evaluation studies across multiple, independent sites to determine the accuracy of COVID-19 antigen RDTs, using consecutive enrolment. Interim analyses are performed at 25% and 50% enrolment, and the evaluation is stopped if tests do not meet 95% specificity. Presence of symptoms, date of symptom onset and hospitalization status is collected for all enrolled participants. |
| Index assays: | Novel lateral flow format tests that detect recombinant SARS-CoV-2 antigens. |
| Reference method: | Results of the index test are compared to the routine, diagnostic RT-PCR result, which is used for clinical management |
| Limit of detection: | Analytical sensitivity, i.e. Limit of detection, was performed at the Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine in which standardized serial dilutions of cultured viral isolate were prepared. Proprietary swab provided in the kit was soaked in viral dilution series. Dilutions were tested in triplicate and the LOD was defined as the last dilution where all repeats were interpreted as positive. |

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| Clinical performance: | <p>Sensitivity was calculated as the proportion of true positive results detected by Novel Coronavirus 2019-nCoV Antigen Test (Colloidal Gold) among all positives by the reference method, and reported as a percentage</p> <p>Specificity was calculated as the proportion of true negative specimens, identified as negative by Novel Coronavirus 2019-nCoV Antigen Test (Colloidal Gold) among all negatives by the reference method and reported as a percentage.</p> <p>The 95% confidence intervals were calculated to assess the level of uncertainty introduced by sample size, using the Wilson's score method.</p> |
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3 Evaluation details:

| Country of collaborator | Brazil | United Kingdom |
|---|---|---|
| Location of clinical site(s) (city, town) | Rio de Janeiro and Guapimirim, state of Rio de Janeiro | Liverpool John Lennon Airport, United Kingdom |
| Health care level of site(s) | Community testing clinic | Drive through testing centre |
| Study period (date to date) | 11 June – 28 June 2021 | 13 May – 2 July 2021 |
| Study cohort inclusion/exclusion | <p>Adults in community meeting national suspect definition</p> <p>Provided informed consent</p> | <p>Inclusion:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 18 years or older, who are undergoing testing for COVID-19 • Symptomatic for COVID-19 • Provided informed consent <p>Exclusion:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Asymptomatic • Younger than 18 years |
| Sample type, antigen test | Nasal swabs | Nasopharyngeal swab |
| Reference PCR method | Lab-developed assay based on the US CDC protocol, which targets two regions (N1 and N2) of the nucleocapsid (N) | TaqPath™ COVID-19 CE-IVD RT-PCR Kit (ThermoFisher Scientific) |

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|-----------------------|---|---|
| | gene of SARS-CoV-2 (https://www.fda.gov/meda/134922/download) | |
| Sample type, PCR test | Nasopharyngeal (NP) swab | Combined Nasal (anterior nares) and oropharyngeal swabs |

4 Results:

4.1 Study cohort

| Country | Brazil | UK |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Total N (valid PCR results) | 453 | 248 |
| Age [mean (min-max), N] | 39.4 (18-100), 453 | 40.5 (18-76), 248 |
| Gender [%F, (n/N)] | 40.1%, (272/454) | 57.5%, (142/247) |
| Symptoms present [%Yes, (n/N)] | 97.4%, (442/454) | 100%, (248/248) |
| Hospitalized (n, % Yes) | Not applicable | Not applicable |
| Days from symptom onset [median (Q1-Q3); N] | 3 (3-5), 442 | 2 (1-3), 245 |
| Days < 0-3 (n, %) | 231, 52% | 199, 81% |
| Days 4-7 (n, %) | 195, 44% | 33, 13% |
| Days 8+ (n, %) | 16, 4% | 13, 5% |
| Positivity [%, (n/N)] | 23%, (106/454) | 27%, (68/248) |
| PCR Ct [median (Q1-Q3); N] | 20.4 (17.7-23.8), 106 | 21.2 (18.5-24.1), 68 |
| Ct > 33 (n, %) | 1, 1% | 1, 1% |
| Ct > 30 (n, %) | 7, 7% | 1, 1% |
| Ct > 25 (n, %) | 17, 16% | 10, 15% |

4.2 Estimation of Clinical Performance

| Country | Brazil | UK |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| Clinical Sensitivity (95% CI), N | 88.7% (81.2, 93.4), 106 | 80.9% (70, 88.5), 68 |
| Sensitivity days ≤ 7 , N | 90.1% (82.7, 94.5), 101 | 84.4% (73.6, 91.3), 64 |
| Sensitivity Ct ≤ 33 , N | 89.5% (82.2, 94), 105 | 80.6% (69.6, 88.3), 67 |
| Sensitivity Ct ≤ 25 , N | 95.5% (89, 98.2), 89 | 82.8% (71.1, 90.4), 58 |
| Clinical Specificity (95% CI), N | 100% (98.9, 100), 348 | 99.4% (96.9, 99.9), 180 |
| Invalid rate (% , n/N) | 0% (0/454) | 0% (0/248) |

4.3 Estimation of analytical performance

- Supplier-reported LOD = $2.5 \times 10^{2.2}$ TCID₅₀/ml ~ 5.59×10^2 TCID₅₀/ml ~ 2.81×10^2 pfu/ml (isolate BetaCoV/Beijing/IME-BJ01/2020-01)
- Verified LOD

| Variant (lineage) | Lowest dilution detected | Verified LOD concentration | Viral Copy equivalent |
|-------------------|---|----------------------------|---|
| UK wild type (B1) | 5.0×10^2 pfu/ml ~ 7.05×10^2 TCID ₅₀ /ml | 5.0×10^2 pfu/ml | 1.18×10^6 genome copies/ml applied to test |
| Alpha (B.1.1.7) | 1.0×10^3 pfu/ml ~ 1.41×10^3 TCID ₅₀ /ml | 1.0×10^3 pfu/ml | 2.1×10^4 genome copies/ml applied to test |
| Gamma (P1) | 2.5×10^3 pfu/ml ~ 3.525×10^3 TCID ₅₀ /ml | 2.5×10^3 pfu/ml | 1.73×10^6 genome copies/ml applied to test |
| Delta (B.1617.2) | 2.5×10^2 pfu/ml ~ 3.525×10^2 TCID ₅₀ /ml | 2.5×10^2 pfu/ml | 9.90×10^5 genome copies/ml applied to test |
| Omicron (BA.1) | 5.0×10^3 pfu/ml ~ 7.05×10^3 TCID ₅₀ /ml | 5.0×10^3 pfu/ml | 8.83×10^5 genome copies/ml applied to test |

Note: viral dilution was applied directly to the test cassette, not to the provided swab